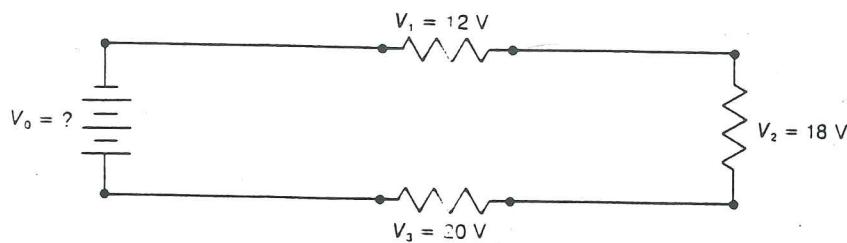


### Practice

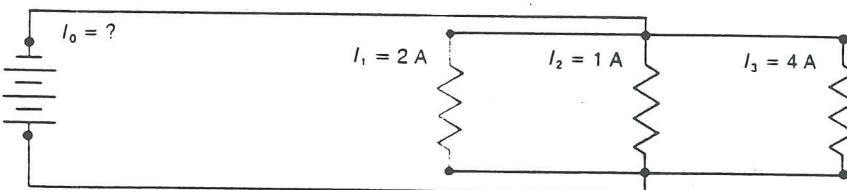
1. Find  $V_o$  in this circuit:



Loads connected in series have the same current; loads connected in parallel have the same potential difference.

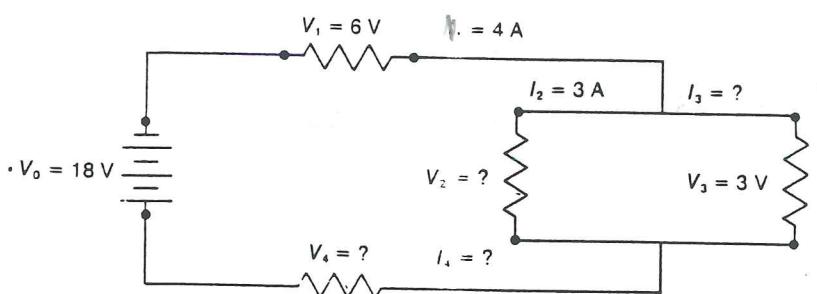
$$V_o = 50$$

2. Find  $I_o$  in this circuit:



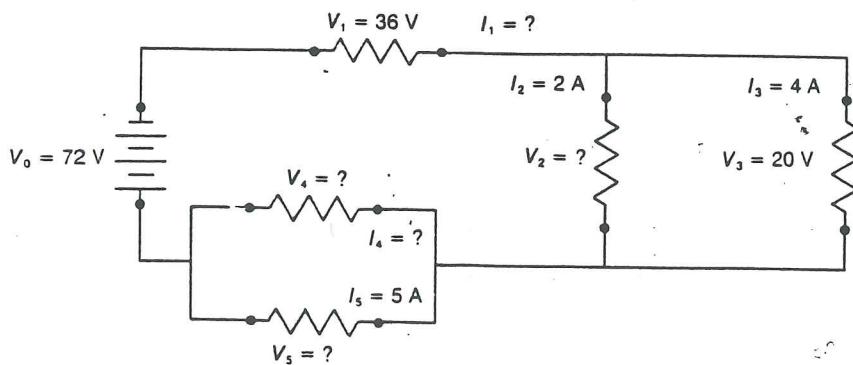
$$I_o = 7$$

Find  $V_2$ ,  $V_4$ ,  $I_3$ , and  $I_4$  in this circuit:



$$\begin{array}{lll} V_0 & 18 & I_0 \\ V_1 & 6 & I_1 \\ V_2 & 3 & I_2 \\ V_3 & 3 & I_3 \\ V_4 & 9 & I_4 \\ V_5 & 16 & I_5 \end{array}$$

4. Find  $V_2$ ,  $V_3$ ,  $V_4$ ,  $I_1$ , and  $I_4$  in this circuit:



$$\begin{array}{lll} V_0 & 72 & I_0 \\ V_1 & 36 & I_1 \\ V_2 & 20 & I_2 \\ V_3 & 20 & I_3 \\ V_4 & 16 & I_4 \\ V_5 & 16 & I_5 \end{array}$$

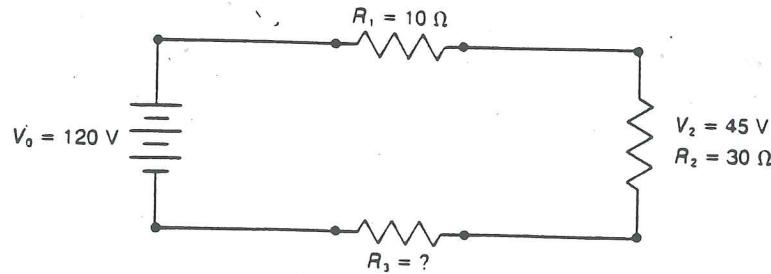
$$V_0 \ 120 \ I_0 \ 1.5 \ R_0 \ 80$$

$$V_1 \ 15 \ I_1 \ 1.5 \ R_1 \ 10$$

$$V_2 \ 45 \ I_2 \ 1.5 \ R_2 \ 30$$

$$V_3 \ 60 \ I_3 \ 1.5 \ R_3 \ 40$$

3. In this circuit, find  $V_1$ ,  $V_3$ ,  $I_1$ ,  $I_2$ ,  $I_3$ , and  $R_3$ .



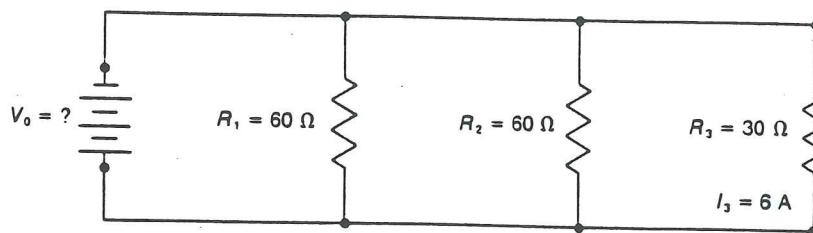
$$V_0 \ 180 \ I_0 \ 12 \ R_0 \ 15$$

$$V_1 \ 180 \ I_1 \ 3 \ R_1 \ 60$$

$$V_2 \ 180 \ I_2 \ 3 \ R_2 \ 60$$

$$V_3 \ 180 \ I_3 \ 6 \ R_3 \ 30$$

4. In this circuit, find  $V_0$ ,  $V_1$ ,  $V_2$ ,  $V_3$ ,  $I_0$ ,  $I_1$ , and  $I_2$ .



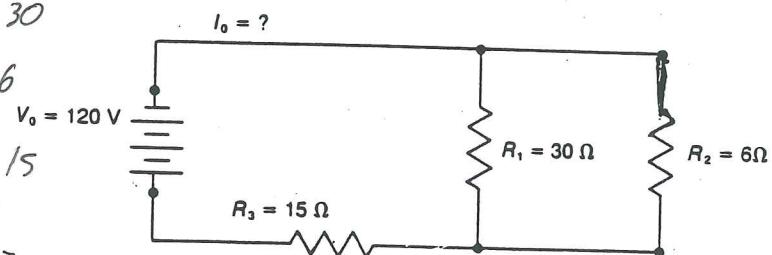
$$V_0 \ 120 \ I_0 \ 6 \ R_0 \ 20$$

$$V_1 \ 30 \ I_1 \ 1 \ R_1 \ 30$$

$$V_2 \ 30 \ I_2 \ 5 \ R_2 \ 6$$

$$V_3 \ 90 \ I_3 \ 6 \ R_3 \ 15$$

5. In this circuit, find  $V_1$ ,  $V_2$ ,  $V_3$ ,  $I_0$ ,  $I_1$ ,  $I_2$ , and  $I_3$ .



$$V_0 \ 120 \ I_0 \ 6 \ R_0 \ 20$$

$$V_1 \ 60 \ I_1 \ 1 \ R_1 \ 60$$

$$V_2 \ 60 \ I_2 \ 5 \ R_2 \ 12$$

$$V_3 \ 24 \ I_3 \ 6 \ R_3 \ 4$$

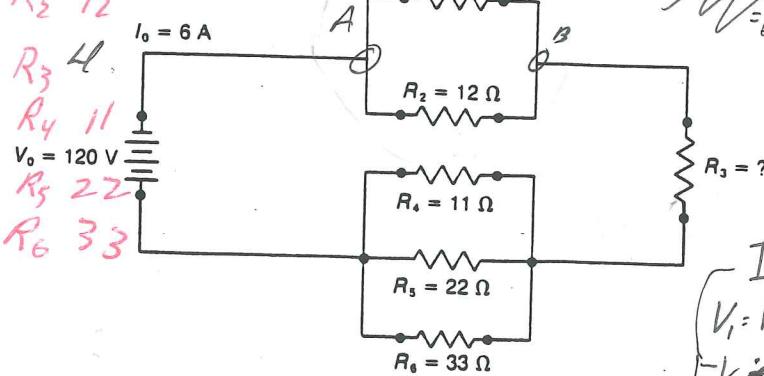
$$V_4 \ 36 \ I_4 \ 3.27 \ R_4 \ 11$$

$$V_5 \ 36 \ I_5 \ 1.64 \ R_5 \ 22$$

$$V_6 \ 36 \ I_6 \ 1.09 \ R_6 \ 33$$

$$\frac{I_0}{R_0} + \frac{I_2}{R_2} = \frac{6}{60} = 10$$

~~$$V_{012} = R_0 I_0 + R_2 I_2$$~~



$$I_1 + I_2 = 6$$

$$V_1 = V_2$$

$$V_1 = 60 = I_1$$

$$V_1 = 12 = I_2$$

$$\frac{1}{11} + \frac{1}{22} + \frac{1}{33} = \frac{11}{66} = 6$$

$$20 - 10 - 6 = 4$$